

## Policy AM 410: Family and Medical Leave Policy

### **BrightWorks Family and Medical Leave**

Copied from 410 MSBA Model Policy Manual, Family and Medical Leave Policy Note: Districts/MN service cooperatives are required by statute to have a policy addressing these issues.

### I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to provide for family and medical leave to BrightWorks employees in accordance with the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA) and also with parenting leave under state law.

### II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

The following procedures and policies regarding family and medical leave are adopted by BrightWorks, pursuant to the requirements of the FMLA and consistent with the requirements of the Minnesota parenting leave laws.

### III. DEFINITIONS

- A. "Covered active duty" means:
  - 1. in the case of a member of a regular component of the Armed Forces, duty during the deployment of the member with the Armed Forces to a foreign country; and
  - in the case of a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces, duty during the deployment of the member with the Armed Forces to a foreign country under a call or order to active duty under a provision of law referred to in 10 U.S.C. § 101(a)(13)(B).
- B. "Covered servicemember" means:
  - a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness; or
  - 2. a covered veteran who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a serious injury or illness and who was a member of the



Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, and was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable, at any time during the period of five years preceding the first date the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered veteran.

- C. "Eligible employee" means an employee who has been employed by BrightWorks for a total of at least 12 months and who has been employed for at least 1,250 hours of service during the 12-month period immediately preceding the commencement of the leave. An employee returning from fulfilling his or her Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA)-covered service obligation shall be credited with the hours of service that would have been performed but for the period of absence from work due to or necessitated by USERRA-covered service. In determining whether the employee met the hours of service requirement, and to determine the hours that would have been worked during the period of absence from work due to or necessitated by USERRA-covered service, the employee's pre-service work schedule can generally be used for calculations. While the 12 months of employment need not be consecutive, employment periods prior to a break in service of seven years or more may not be counted unless the break is occasioned by the employee's fulfillment of his or her USERRA-covered service obligation or a written agreement, including a collective bargaining agreement, exists concerning BrightWorks's intention to rehire the employee after the break in service.
- D. "Military caregiver leave" means leave taken to care for a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness.
- E. "Next of kin of a covered servicemember" means the nearest blood relative other than the covered service member's spouse, parent, son, or daughter, in the following order of priority: blood relatives who have been granted legal custody of the covered servicemember by court decree or statutory provisions, brothers and sisters, grandparents, aunts and uncles, and first cousins, unless the covered servicemember has specifically designated in writing another blood relative as his or her nearest blood relative for purposes of military caregiver leave under the FMLA. When no such designation is made and there are multiple family members with the same level of relationship to the covered servicemember, all such family members shall be considered the covered service member's next of kin, and the employee may take FMLA leave to provide care to the covered servicemember, either consecutively or simultaneously. When such designation has been made, the designated individual shall be deemed to be the covered servicemember's only next of kin.



- F. "Outpatient status" means, with respect to a covered servicemember who is a current member of the Armed Forces, the status of a member of the Armed Forces assigned to:
  - 1. a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or
  - 2. a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving care as outpatients.
- G. "Qualifying exigency" means a situation where the eligible employee seeks leave for one or more of the following reasons:
  - 1. to address any issues that arise from a short-notice deployment (seven calendar days or less) of a covered military member;
  - 2. to attend military events and related activities of a covered military member;
  - 3. to address issues related to childcare and school activities of a covered military member's child;
  - 4. to address financial and legal arrangements for a covered military member;
  - 5. to attend counseling provided by someone other than a health care provider for oneself, a covered military member, or his/her child;
  - to spend up to 15 calendar days with a covered military member who is on short-term, temporary rest and recuperation leave during a period of deployment;
  - 7. to attend post-deployment activities related to a covered military member;
  - 8. to address parental care needs; and
  - 9. to address other events related to a covered military member that both the employee and BrightWorks agree is a qualifying exigency.
- H. "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves:



- 1. inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility; or
- 2. continuing treatment by a health care provider.
- I. "Spouse" means a husband or wife. For purposes of this definition, husband or wife refers to the other person with whom an individual entered into marriage as defined or recognized under state law for purposes of marriage in the state in which the marriage was entered into or, in the case of a marriage entered into outside of any state, if the marriage is valid in the place where entered into and could have been entered into in at least one state. This definition includes an individual in a same-sex or common law marriage that either: (1) was entered into in a state that recognizes such marriages; or (2) if entered into outside of any state, is valid in the place where entered into and could have been entered into in at least one state.
- J. "Veteran" has the meaning given in 38 U.S.C. § 101.

#### IV. LEAVE ENTITLEMENT

#### A. Twelve-week Leave under Federal Law

- 1. Eligible employees are entitled to a total of 12 work weeks of unpaid family or medical leave during the applicable 12-month period as defined below, plus any additional leave as required by law. Leave may be taken for one or more of the following reasons in accordance with applicable law:
  - a. birth of the employee's child and to care for such child;
  - **b.** placement of an adopted or foster child with the employee;
  - **c.** to care for the employee's spouse, son, daughter, or parent with a serious health condition;
  - **d.** the employee's serious health condition makes the employee unable to perform the functions of the employee's job; and/or
  - **e.** any qualifying exigency arising from the employee's spouse, son, daughter, or parent being on covered active duty, or notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty in the Armed Forces.
- 2. For the purposes of this policy, "year" is defined as a rolling 12-month



period measured backward from the date an employee's leave is to commence.

- **3.** An employee's entitlement to FMLA leave for the birth, adoption, or foster care of a child expires at the end of the 12-month period beginning on the date of the birth or placement.
- **4.** A "serious health condition" typically requires either inpatient care or continuing treatment by or under the supervision of a health care provider, as defined by applicable law. Family and medical leave generally is not intended to cover short-term conditions for which treatment and recovery are very brief.
- **5.** A "serious injury or illness," in the case of a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, means:
  - a. injury or illness that was incurred by the member in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces or that existed before the beginning of the member's active duty and was aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces and that may render the member medically unfit to perform the duties of the member's office, grade, rank, or rating; and
  - b. in the case of a covered veteran who was a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, at any time, during the period of five years preceding the date on which the veteran undergoes the medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, means a qualifying injury or illness that was incurred by the member in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces or that existed before the beginning of the member's active duty and was aggravated by service in the line of duty in the Armed Forces and that manifested itself before or after the member became a veteran, and is:
    - (1) a continuation of a serious injury or illness that was incurred or aggravated when the covered veteran was a member of the Armed Forces and rendered the servicemember unable to perform the duties of the servicemember's office, grade, rank, or rating; or
    - (2) a physical or mental condition for which the covered



veteran has received a U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Service-Related Disability (VASRD) rating of 50 percent or greater and such VASRD rating is based, in whole or in part, on the condition precipitating the need for military caregiver leave; or

- (3) a physical or mental condition that substantially impairs the covered veteran's ability to secure or follow a substantially gainful occupation by reason of a disability or disabilities related to military service, or would do so absent treatment; or
- (4) an injury, including a psychological injury, on the basis of which the covered veteran has been enrolled in the Department of Veterans Affairs Program of Comprehensive Assistance for Family Caregivers.
- 6. Eligible spouses employed by BrightWorks are limited to an aggregate of 12 weeks of leave during any 12-month period for the birth and care of a newborn child or adoption of a child, the placement of a child for foster care, or to care for a parent. This limitation for spouses employed by BrightWorks does not apply to leave taken: by one spouse to care for the other spouse who is seriously ill; to care for a child with a serious health condition; because of the employee's own serious health condition; or pursuant to Paragraph IV.A.1.e. above.
- 7. Depending on the type of leave, intermittent or reduced schedule leave may be granted discretion of BrightWorks or when medically necessary. However, part-time employees are only eligible for a pro-rata portion of leave to be used on an intermittent or reduced schedule basis, based on their average hours worked per week. Where an intermittent or reduced schedule leave is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, BrightWorks may transfer the employee temporarily to an available alternative position for which the employee is qualified and which better accommodates recurring periods of leave than does the employee's regular position, and which has equivalent pay and benefits.
- 8. If an employee requests a leave for the serious health condition of the employee or the employee's spouse, child, or parent, the employee will be required to submit sufficient medical certification. In such a case, the



employee must submit the medical certification within 15 days from the date of the request or as soon as practicable under the circumstances.

- 9. If BrightWorks has reason to doubt the validity of a health care provider's certification, it may require a second opinion at BrightWorks expense. If the opinions of the first and second health care providers differ, BrightWorks may require certification from a third health care provider at BrightWorks's expense. An employee may also be required to present a certification from a health care provider indicating that the employee is able to return to work.
- 10. Requests for leave shall be made to BrightWorks. When leave relates to an employee's spouse, son, daughter, parent, or covered servicemember being on covered active duty, or notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty pursuant to Paragraph IV.A.1.e. above, and such leave is foreseeable, the employee shall provide reasonable and practical notice to BrightWorks of the need for leave. For all other leaves, employees must give 30 days' written notice of a leave of absence where practicable. The failure to provide the required notice may result in a delay of the requested leave. Employees are expected to make a reasonable effort to schedule leaves resulting from planned medical treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of BrightWorks, subject to and in coordination with the health care provider.
- 11. BrightWorks may require that a request for leave under Paragraph IV.A.1.e. above be supported by a copy of the covered military member's active-duty orders or other documentation issued by the military indicating active duty or a call to active duty status and the dates of active duty service. In addition, BrightWorks may require the employee to provide sufficient certification supporting the qualifying exigency for which leave is requested.
- 12. During the period of a leave permitted under this policy, BrightWorks will provide health insurance under its group health plan under the same conditions coverage would have been provided had the employee not taken the leave. The employee will be responsible for payment of the employee contribution to continue group health insurance coverage during the leave. An employee's failure to make necessary and timely contributions may result in termination of coverage. An employee who does not return to work after the leave may be required, in some situations, to reimburse BrightWorks for the cost of the health plan



premiums paid by it.

13. BrightWorks may request or require the employee to substitute accrued paid leave for any part of the 12-week period. Employees may be allowed to substitute paid leave for unpaid leave by meeting the requirements set out in the administrative directives and guidelines established for the implementation of this policy, if any. Employees eligible for leave must comply with the family and medical leave directives and guidelines prior to starting leave. The executive director shall be responsible to develop directives and guidelines as necessary to implement this policy. Such directives and guidelines shall be submitted to the school board for annual review.

BrightWorks shall comply with written notice requirements as set forth in federal regulations.

14. Employees returning from a leave permitted under this policy are eligible for reinstatement in the same or an equivalent position as provided by law. However, the employee has no greater right to reinstatement or to other benefits and conditions of employment than if the employee had been continuously employed during the leave.

## B. Twelve-week Leave under State Law

An employee who does not qualify for parenting leave under Paragraphs IV.A.1.a. or IV.A.1.b. above may qualify for a 12-week unpaid leave which is available to a biological or adoptive parent in conjunction with the birth or adoption of a child, or to a female employee for prenatal care or incapacity due to pregnancy, childbirth, or related health conditions. The length of the leave shall be determined by the employee but must not exceed 12 weeks unless agreed by the employer. The employee may qualify if he or she has worked for BrightWorks for at least 12 months and has worked an average number of hours per week equal to one-half of the full time equivalent during the 12-month period immediately preceding the leave. This leave is separate and exclusive of the family and medical leave described in the preceding paragraphs but may be reduced by any period of paid parental, disability, personal, or medical, or sick leave, or accrued vacation provided by the employer so that the total leave does not exceed 12 weeks, unless agreed by the employer, or leave taken for the same purpose under the FMLA. The leave taken under this section shall begin at a time requested by the employee. An employee who plans to take leave under this section must give the employer reasonable notice of the date the leave shall commence and the estimated duration of the



leave. For leave taken by a biological or adoptive parent in conjunction with the birth or adoption of a child, the leave must begin within 12 months of the birth or adoption; except that, in the case where the child must remain in the hospital longer than the mother, the leave must begin within 12 months after the child leaves the hospital.

## C. Twenty-six-week Servicemember Family Military Leave

- An eligible employee who is the spouse, son, daughter, parent, or next of kin of a covered servicemember shall be entitled to a total of 26 work weeks of leave during a 12-month period to care for the servicemember. The leave described in this paragraph shall be available only during a single 12-month period. For purposes of this leave, the need to care for a servicemember includes both physical and psychological care.
- 2. During a single 12-month period, an employee shall be entitled to a combined total of 26 work weeks of leave under Paragraphs IV.A. and IV.C. above.
- 3. The 12-month period referred to in this section begins on the first day the eligible employee takes leave to care for a covered service member and ends 12 months after that date.
- 4. Eligible spouses employed by BrightWorks are limited to an aggregate of 26 weeks of leave during any 12-month period if leave is taken for birth of the employee's child or to care for the child after birth; for placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care or to care for the child after placement; to care for the employee's parent with a serious health condition; or to care for a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness.
- 5. BrightWorks may request or require the employee to substitute accrued paid leave for any part of the 26-week period. Employees may be allowed to substitute paid leave for unpaid leave by meeting the requirements set out in the administrative directives and guidelines established for the implementation of this policy, if any. Employees eligible for leave must comply with the family and medical leave directives and guidelines prior to starting leave.
- 6. An employee will be required to submit sufficient medical certification issued by the health care provider of the covered servicemember and



other information in support of requested leave and eligibility for such leave under this section within 15 days from the date of the request or as soon as practicable under the circumstances.

7. The provisions of Paragraphs IV.A.7., IV.A.10., IV.A.12., IV.A.13., and IV.A.14. above shall apply to leaves under this section.

## V. OTHER

A. The provisions of this policy are intended to comply with applicable law, including the FMLA and applicable regulations. Any terms used from the FMLA will have the same meaning as defined by the FMLA and/or applicable regulations. To the extent that this policy is ambiguous or contradicts applicable law, the language of the applicable law will prevail.

## VI. DISSEMINATION OF POLICY

**A.** This policy shall be conspicuously posted in each BrightWorks building in areas accessible to employees.

This policy will be reviewed at least annually for compliance with state and federal law.

# Notice of Eligibility & Rights and Responsibilities under the Family and Medical Leave Act

# U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division



Expires: 6/30/2026

OMB Control Number: 1235-0003

DO NOT SEND TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. PROVIDE TO EMPLOYEE.

In general, to be eligible to take leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), an employee must have worked for an employer for at least 12 months, meet the hours of service requirement in the 12 months preceding the leave, and work at a site with at least 50 employees within 75 miles. While use of this form is optional, a fully completed Form WH-381 provides employees with the information required by 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.300(b), (c) which must be provided within five business days of the employee notifying the employer of the need for FMLA leave. Information about the FMLA may be found on the WHD website at www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/fmla.

Da	te:	(mm/do	d/yyyy)				
From:			(Employer) To:		(Employee)		
	one of the following re			(beginning on)	(mm/dd/yyyy)		
	The birth of a child, onewly-placed child	r placement of a chil	ld with you for adoption	or foster care, and to bond	with the newborn or		
	Your own serious hea	lth condition					
	You are needed to care for your family member due to a serious health condition. Your family member is your:						
	☐ Spouse	□ Parent	☐ Child under age 18	Child 18 years or old care because of a mer	der and incapable of self- ntal or physical disability		
	A qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that your family member is on covered active duty or has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty status. Your family member on covered active duty is your:						
	☐ Spouse	☐ Parent	☐ Child of any age				
	You are needed to care for your family member who is a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness. You are the servicemember's:						
	☐ Spouse	☐ Parent	☐ Child	☐ Next of kin			
ma obl to t	rriage or same-sex marri- igations of a parent to a c the employee when the en	age. The terms "child" hild. An employee may mployee was a child. A	' and "parent" include <i>in lo</i> y take FMLA leave to care	the individual was married, oco parentis relationships in for an individual who assume FMLA leave to care for a clanecessary.	which a person assumes the ed the obligations of a parent		
		SECTIO	N I – NOTICE OF E	LIGIBILITY			
Th	is Notice is to inform	you that you are:					
	Eligible for FMLA leand Responsibilities.)	ave. (See Section II fo	r any Additional Informatio	on Needed and Section III for	· information on your Rights		
	Not eligible for FML	Not eligible for FMLA leave because: (Only one reason need be checked)					
	☐ You have not	met the FMLA's 12-	month length of service	requirement. As of the firs	t date of requested leave,		
	you will have	worked approximate	ly: towards	this requirement.			
	☐ You have not a	met the FMLA's 1,2	50 hours of service requi	rement. As of the first date	e of requested leave, you		
	will have work	ked approximately:		s this requirement.			

Employee Name:					
	have not met the special hours of service eligibility requirements date of requested leave (i.e., worked or been paid for at least 60% ked or been paid for at least 504 duty hours.)				
☐ You do not work at and/or report to a site with request.	50 or more employees within 75-miles as of the date of your				
If you have any questions, please contact:	(Name of employer representative)				
at	(Contact information).				
SECTION II – ADDITION	AL INFORMATION NEEDED				
below to determine if additional information is needed in or leave. Once we obtain any additional information specific	ements for taking FMLA leave. Please review the information rder for us to determine whether your absence qualifies as FMLA red below we will inform you, within 5 business days, whether towards the FMLA leave you have available. If complete and rer, your leave may be denied.				
(Select as appropriate)					
$\square$ No additional information requested. If no additional i	nformation requested, go to Section III.				
☐ We request that the leave be supported by a certification	We request that the leave be supported by a certification, as identified below.				
	Health Care Provider for the Employee's Family Member Serious Illness or Injury (Military Caregiver Leave)				
Selected certification form is □ attached / □ not attached.					
If requested, medical certification must be returned by					
We request that you provide reasonable documentation or a statement to establish the relationship between you and your family member, including <i>in loco parentis</i> relationships (as explained on page one). The information requested must be returned to us by					
Other information needed (e.g. documentation for military family leave):					
The information requested must be returned to us by _					
If you have any questions, please contact:	(Name of employer representative)				
	(Contact information).				

# SECTION III - NOTICE OF RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

## Part A: FMLA Leave Entitlement

You have a right under the FMLA to take unpaid, job-protected FMLA leave in a 12-month period for certain family and medical reasons, including up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave in a 12-month period for the birth of a child or placement of a child for adoption or foster care, for leave related to your own or a family member's serious health condition, or for certain qualifying exigencies related to the deployment of a military member to covered active duty. You also have a right

Em	ploye	e Name:
		e FMLA to take up to <b>26 weeks</b> of unpaid, job-protected FMLA leave in a single 12-month period to care for a servicemember with a serious injury or illness ( <i>Military Caregiver Leave</i> ).
The	e 12-n	nonth period for FMLA leave is calculated as: (Select as appropriate)
		The calendar year (January 1st - December 31st)
		A fixed leave year based on
		(e.g., a fiscal year beginning on July 1 and ending on June 30)
		The 12-month period measured forward from the date of your first FMLA leave usage.
		A "rolling" 12-month period measured backward from the date of any FMLA leave usage. (Each time an employee takes FMLA leave, the remaining leave is the balance of the 12 weeks not used during the 12 months immediately before the FMLA leave is to start.)
If a	pplica	able, the single 12-month period for Military Caregiver Leave started on (mm/dd/yyyy).
this	reas	are $/\square$ are not) considered a key employee as defined under the FMLA. Your FMLA leave cannot be denied for on; however, we may not restore you to employment following FMLA leave if such restoration will cause all and grievous economic injury to us.
sub	stanti	have / $\square$ have not) determined that restoring you to employment at the conclusion of FMLA leave will cause all and grievous economic harm to us. Additional information will be provided separately concerning your status imployee and restoration.
You that you the leav	u have t you meet desig ve, yo	Substitution of Paid Leave – When Paid Leave is Used at the Same Time as FMLA Leave e a right under the FMLA to request that your accrued paid leave be substituted for your FMLA leave. This means can request that your accrued paid leave run concurrently with some or all of your unpaid FMLA leave, provided any applicable requirements of our leave policy. Concurrent leave use means the absence will count against both nated paid leave and unpaid FMLA leave at the same time. If you do not meet the requirements for taking paid ou remain entitled to take available unpaid FMLA leave in the applicable 12-month period. Even if you do not at, the FMLA allows us to require you to use your available sick, vacation, or other paid leave during your FMLA
(Ch	eck al	! that apply)
		e or all of your FMLA leave will not be paid. Any unpaid FMLA leave taken will be designated as FMLA and counted against the amount of FMLA leave you have available to use in the applicable 12-month period.
	leave	have requested to use some or all of your available paid leave (e.g., sick, vacation, PTO) during your FMLA e. Any paid leave taken for this reason will also be designated as FMLA leave and counted against the amount of A leave you have available to use in the applicable 12-month period.
	leave	are requiring you to use some or all of your available paid leave (e.g., sick, vacation, PTO) during your FMLA e. Any paid leave taken for this reason will also be designated as FMLA leave and counted against the amount of A leave you have available to use in the applicable 12-month period.
	Any	er: (e.g., short- or long-term disability, workers' compensation, state medical leave law, etc.) time taken for this reason will also be designated as FMLA leave and counted against the amount of A leave you have available to use in the applicable 12-month period.
The	appl	icable conditions for use of paid leave include:
		information about conditions applicable to sick/vacation/other paid leave usage please refer to
		available at.

Employee Name:
Part C: Maintain Health Benefits  Your health benefits must be maintained during any period of FMLA leave under the same conditions as if you continued to work. During any paid portion of FMLA leave, your share of any premiums will be paid by the method normally used during any paid leave. During any unpaid portion of FMLA leave, you must continue to make any normal contributions to the cost of the health insurance premiums. To make arrangements to continue to make your share of the premium payments on your health insurance while you are on any unpaid FMLA leave, contact are
You have a minimum grace period of (\$\square\$ 30-days or \$\square\$ indicate longer period, if applicable) in which to make premium payments. If payment is not made timely, your group health insurance may be cancelled, provided we notify you in writing at least 15 days before the date that your health coverage will lapse, or, at our option, we may pay your share of the premiums during FMLA leave, and recover these payments from you upon your return to work.
You may be required to reimburse us for our share of health insurance premiums paid on your behalf during your FMLA leave if you do not return to work following <b>unpaid</b> FMLA leave for a reason other than: the continuation, recurrence, or onset of your or your family member's serious health condition which would entitle you to FMLA leave; or the continuation recurrence, or onset of a covered servicemember's serious injury or illness which would entitle you to FMLA leave; or other circumstances beyond your control.
Part D: Other Employee Benefits  Upon your return from FMLA leave, your other employee benefits, such as pensions or life insurance, must be resumed in the same manner and at the same levels as provided when your FMLA leave began. To make arrangements to continue your employee benefits while you are on FMLA leave, contact
Part E: Return-to-Work Requirements  You must be reinstated to the same or an equivalent job with the same pay, benefits, and terms and conditions of employment on your return from FMLA-protected leave. An equivalent position is one that is virtually identical to your former position in terms of pay, benefits, and working conditions. At the end of your FMLA leave, all benefits must also be resumed in the same manner and at the same level provided when the leave began. You do not have return-to-work rights under the FMLA if you need leave beyond the amount of FMLA leave you have available to use.
Part F: Other Requirements While on FMLA Leave
While on leave you ( $\square$ will be / $\square$ will not be) required to furnish us with periodic reports of your status and intent to return to work every .
(Indicate interval of periodic reports, as appropriate for the FMLA leave situation).
If the circumstances of your leave change and you are able to return to work earlier than expected, you will be required to notify us at least two workdays prior to the date you intend to report for work.

### PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

It is mandatory for employers to provide employees with notice of their eligibility for FMLA protection and their rights and responsibilities. 29 U.S.C. § 2617; 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(b), (c). It is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 10 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210.

DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION.